1. Official request to SWA received. SWA Secretariat sends holding response and alerts the CPTT and the SWA Steering Committee to the request

2. CPTT to ensure that wider SWA partners are aware of the request for NPRI support and continues to provide progress updates to SWA

3. CPTT identify 3 parties: i) Government lead, ii) In-country development partner based on established in-country process, iii) CPTT corresponding ‘link lead’ (ii and iii can be the same partner)

4. Steering Committee or Vice Chair approve/halt the engagement of SWA in the process. Also, SWA decision point on whether there is the capacity to respond

5. CPTT link lead has responsibility for ensuring clarity established amongst all parties on:
   a. Vision of SWA
   b. The central purpose of SWA to strengthen the sector
   c. The importance and relevance of aid effectiveness principles and practices in strengthening sector performance

6. Government asked to verify whether all in-country resources and processes have been exhausted in resolving critical barriers and whether donors are coordinating their support for these processes. Government asked to articulate the outcomes they anticipate from an NPRI supported engagement.

7. Snapshot report received by CPTT from in-country SWA partners. Where in-country donors and governments differ on the required levels of coordination:
   a. The CPTT link lead will establish where and what the differences are
   b. CPTT request in-country SWA partners to provide a snapshot analysis of differences
   c. Responses analysed and acted on by CPTT (iterative process and dialogue)

8. SWA exploratory dialogue in-country (SWA-NPRI support):
   a. Uses existing in-country analyses evidence that identifies sector bottlenecks
   b. Encourage or engage with broader stakeholders (CSOs, government ministries, donors, private sector etc)
   c. Establish agreement on roles and responsibilities between government, SWA partners and national stakeholders in the dialogue process

9. Expectation that the country develops a road map or action plan with wide in-country stakeholder involvement and support (that might include: a compact, sector investment plan, donor round table etc.) towards strengthened national sector processes, systems and capacities. A learning and monitoring function is established in country. Coordination is established in-country that updates and informs other partners (including the CPTT and broader SWA partnership)

10. The CPTT has an on-going but arms-length interest and tracking of development of in-country dialogue, road map or other processes consistent with SWA and NPRI goals. The CPTT/NPRI exploratory phase ends and the SWA partners continue to engage. The CPTT documents and shares learning from the dialogue.